

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Application of: Yu, et al.

Application Number: 09/589,285 Group Art Unit: 1646

Filed: June 8, 2000 Examiner: Prasad, S.

Title: Methods of Treatment of Immune

System Related Disorders Using Neutrokine-alpha (as amended)

Atty. Docket No. PF343P3C4

CLEAN VERSION OF ENTIRE SET OF PENDING CLAIMS

- 89. (Once Amended) A method of treating an immunodeficiency comprising administering to an individual, a therapeutically effective amount of a protein comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) the amino acid sequence of amino acid residues n to 285 of SEQ ID NO:2, where n is an integer in the range of 2-190;
- (b) the amino acid sequence of amino acid residues 1 to m of SEQ ID NO:2, where m is an integer in the range of 274-284; and
- (c) the amino acid sequence of amino acid residues n to m of SEQ ID NO:2, where n is an integer in the range of 2-190 and m is an integer in the range of 274-284;

wherein the polypeptide having said amino acid sequence modulates lymphocyte proliferation, differentiation, or survival.

- 90. (New) The method of claim 89 wherein the protein comprises amino acid sequence (a).
- 91. (New) The method of claim 89 wherein the protein comprises amino acid sequence (b).
- 92. (New) The method of claim 89 wherein the protein comprises amino acid sequence (c).

- 93. (New) The method of claim 89 wherein the protein also comprises a heterologous amino acid sequence.
- 94 (New) The method of claim 93 wherein the heterologous amino acid sequence is the amino acid sequence of an immunoglobulin Fc domain.
 - 95. (New) The method of claim 89 wherein said protein is labeled.
- 98. (Once Amended) A method of treating an immunodeficiency comprising administering to an individual, a therapeutically effective amount of a protein comprising a first amino acid sequence that is 95% or more identical to a second amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) the amino acid sequence of amino acid residues n to 285 of SEQ ID NO:2, where n is an integer in the range of 2-190;
- (b) the amino acid sequence of amino acid residues 1 to m of SEQ ID NO:2, where m is an integer in the range of 274-284; and
- (c) the amino acid sequence of amino acid residues n to m of SEQ ID NO:2, where n is an integer in the range of 2-190 and m is an integer in the range of 274-284;

wherein the polypeptide having said first amino acid sequence modulates lymphocyte proliferation, differentiation, or survival.

- 99. (New) The method of claim 98 wherein the protein comprises amino acid sequence (a).
- 100. (New) The method of claim 98 wherein the protein comprises amino acid sequence (b).
- 101. (New) The method of claim 98 wherein the protein comprises amino acid sequence (c).
- 102. (New) The method of claim 98 wherein the protein also comprises a heterologous amino acid sequence.

- 103. (New) The method of claim 102 wherein the heterologous amino acid sequence is the amino acid sequence of an immunoglobulin Fc domain.
 - 104. (New) The method of claim 98 wherein said protein is labeled.
- 107. (New) A method of treating an immunodeficiency comprising administering to an individual, a therapeutically effective amount of a protein consisting of the amino acid sequence of amino acid residues 134-285 of SEQ ID NO:2.
- 108. (New) The method of claim 107 wherein the protein is fused to a heterologous amino acid sequence.
- 109. (New) The method of claim 108 wherein the heterologous amino acid sequence is the amino acid sequence of an immunoglobulin Fc domain.
 - 110. (New) The method of claim 98 wherein said protein is labeled.
- 113. (Once Amended) A method of treating an immunodeficiency comprising administering to an individual, a therapeutically effective amount of a protein comprising the amino acid sequence of amino acid residues 134-285 of SEQ ID NO:2.
- 114. (New) The method of claim 113 wherein the protein also comprises a heterologous amino acid sequence.
- 115. (New) The method of claim 114 wherein the heterologous amino acid sequence is the amino acid sequence of an immunoglobulin Fc domain.
 - 116. (New) The method of claim 113 wherein said protein is labeled.
- 119. (Once Amended) The method of claim 113 wherein the immunodeficiency is common variable immunodeficiency (CVID).
- 121. (Once Amended) The method of claim 113 wherein the immunodeficiency is Selective IgA deficiency.

- 126. (Once Amended) A method of treating an immunodeficiency comprising administering to an individual, a therapeutically effective amount of a protein consisting of a first amino acid sequence which is 90% or more identical to a second amino acid sequence consisting of amino acid residues 134-285 of SEQ ID NO:2, wherein the polypeptide having said first amino acid sequence modulates lymphocyte proliferation, differentiation, or survival.
- 127. (New) The method of claim 126 wherein the protein consists of a first amino acid sequence which is 95% or more identical to said second amino acid sequence.
- 128. (New) The method of claim 126 wherein the protein is fused to a heterologous amino acid sequence.
- 129. (New) The method of claim 128 wherein the heterologous amino acid sequence is the amino acid sequence of an immunoglobulin Fc domain.
 - 130. (New) The method of claim 126 wherein said protein is labeled.
- 133. (Once Amended) The method of claim 126 wherein the immunodeficiency is common variable immunodeficiency (CVID).
- 135. (Once Amended) The method of claim 126 wherein the immunodeficiency is Selective IgA deficiency.
- 140. (Once Amended) A method of treating an immunodeficiency comprising administering to an individual, a therapeutically effective amount of a protein comprising a first amino acid sequence which is 90% or more identical to a second amino acid sequence consisting of amino acid residues 134-285 of SEQ ID NO:2, wherein the polypeptide having said first amino acid sequence modulates lymphocyte proliferation, differentiation, or survival.
- 141. (New) The method of claim 140 wherein the protein comprises a first amino acid sequence which is 95% or more identical to said second amino acid sequence.

- 142. (Once Amended) The method of claim 140 wherein the protein also comprises a heterologous amino acid sequence.
- 143. (New) The method of claim 142 wherein the heterologous amino acid sequence is the amino acid sequence of an immunoglobulin Fc domain.
- 144. (Once Amended) The method of claim 140 wherein said protein is labeled.
- 147. (Once Amended) The method of claim 140 wherein the immunodeficiency is common variable immunodeficiency (CVID).
- 149. (Once Amended) The method of claim 140 wherein the immunodeficiency is Selective IgA deficiency.
- 212. (Once Amended) A method of stimulating leukocyte proliferation, differentiation or survival comprising administering to an individual, a therapeutically effective amount of a protein comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) the amino acid sequence of amino acid residues n to 285 of SEQ ID NO:2, where n is an integer in the range of 2-190;
- (b) the amino acid sequence of amino acid residues 1 to m of SEQ ID NO:2, where m is an integer in the range of 274-284; and
- (c) the amino acid sequence of amino acid residues n to m of SEQ ID NO:2, where n is an integer in the range of 2-190 and m is an integer in the range of 274-284;

wherein the polypeptide having said amino acid sequence modulates lymphocyte proliferation, differentiation, or survival.

213. (New) The method of claim 212 wherein the protein comprises amino acid sequence (a).

- 214. (New) The method of claim 212 wherein the protein comprises amino acid sequence (b).
- 215. (New) The method of claim 212 wherein the protein comprises amino acid sequence (c).
- 216. (New) The method of claim 212 wherein the protein also comprises a heterologous amino acid sequence.
- 217. (New) The method of claim 216 wherein the heterologous amino acid sequence is the amino acid sequence of an immunoglobulin Fc domain.
 - 218. (New) The method of claim 212 wherein said protein is labeled.
- 221. (Once Amended) A method of stimulating leukocyte proliferation, differentiation or survival comprising administering to an individual, a therapeutically effective amount of a protein comprising a first amino acid sequence that is 95% or more identical to a second amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) the amino acid sequence of amino acid residues n to 285 of SEQ ID NO:2, where n is an integer in the range of 2-190;
- (b) the amino acid sequence of amino acid residues 1 to m of SEQ ID NO:2, where m is an integer in the range of 274-284; and
- (c) the amino acid sequence of amino acid residues n to m of SEQ ID NO:2, where n is an integer in the range of 2-190 and m is an integer in the range of 274-284;

wherein the polypeptide having said first amino acid sequence modulates lymphocyte proliferation, differentiation, or survival.

- 222. (New) The method of claim 221 wherein the protein comprises amino acid sequence (a).
- 223. (New) The method of claim 221 wherein the protein comprises amino acid sequence (b).

- 224. (New) The method of claim 221 wherein the protein comprises amino acid sequence (c).
- 225. (New) The method of claim 221 wherein the protein also comprises a heterologous amino acid sequence.
- 226. (Once Amended) The method of claim 225 wherein the heterologous amino acid sequence is the amino acid sequence of an immunoglobulin Fc domain.
 - 227. (New) The method of claim 221 wherein said protein is labeled.
- 230. (Once Amended) A method of stimulating leukocyte proliferation, differentiation or survival comprising administering to an individual, a therapeutically effective amount of a protein consisting of an amino acid sequence of amino acid residues 134-285 of SEQ ID NO:2.
- 231. (New) The method of claim 230 wherein the protein is fused to a heterologous amino acid sequence.
- 232. (New) The method of claim 231 wherein the heterologous amino acid sequence is the amino acid sequence of an immunoglobulin Fc domain.
- 233. (Once Amended) The method of claim 230 wherein said protein is labeled.

- 236. (Once Amended) A method of enhancing host defenses against infection comprising administering to an individual, a therapeutically effective amount of a protein comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) the amino acid sequence of amino acid residues n to 285 of SEQ ID NO:2, where n is an integer in the range of 2-190;
- (b) the amino acid sequence of amino acid residues 1 to m of SEQ ID NO:2, where m is an integer in the range of 274 -284; and
- (c) the amino acid sequence of amino acid residues n to m of SEQ ID NO:2, where n is an integer in the range of 2-190 and m is an integer in the range of 274-284;

wherein the polypeptide having said amino acid sequence modulates lymphocyte proliferation, differentiation, or survival.

- 237. (New) The method of claim 236 wherein the protein comprises amino acid sequence (a).
- 238. (New) The method of claim 236 wherein the protein comprises amino acid sequence (b).
- 239. (New) The method of claim 236 wherein the protein comprises amino acid sequence (c).
- 240. (New) The method of claim 236 wherein the protein also comprises a heterologous amino acid sequence.
- 241. (New) The method of claim 240 wherein the heterologous amino acid sequence is the amino acid sequence of an immunoglobulin Fc domain.
 - 242. (New) The method of claim 236 wherein said protein is labeled.
 - 245. (New) The method of claim 236 wherein the infection is an acute infection.

- 246. (New) The method of claim 236 wherein the infection is a chronic infection.
- 247. (New) The method of claim 236 wherein the infection is a bacterial infection.
 - 248. (New) The method of claim 236 wherein the infection is a viral infection.
- 249. (New) The method of claim 236 wherein the infection is a parasitic infection.
- 250. (Once Amended) A method of enhancing host defenses against infection comprising administering to an individual, a therapeutically effective amount of a protein comprising a first amino acid sequence that is 95% or more identical to a second amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) the amino acid sequence of amino acid residues n to 285 of SEQ ID NO:2, where n is an integer in the range of 2-190;
- (b) the amino acid sequence of amino acid residues 1 to m of SEQ ID NO:2, where m is an integer in the range of 274-284; and
- (c) the amino acid sequence of amino acid residues n to m of SEQ ID NO:2, where n is an integer in the range of 2-190 and m is an integer in the range of 274-284;

wherein the polypeptide having said first amino acid sequence modulates lymphocyte proliferation, differentiation, or survival.

- 251. (New) The method of claim 250 wherein the protein comprises amino acid sequence (a).
- 252. (New) The method of claim 250 wherein the protein comprises amino acid sequence (b).
- 253. (New) The method of claim 250 wherein the protein comprises amino acid sequence (c).

- 254. (New) The method of claim 250 wherein the protein also comprises a heterologous amino acid sequence.
- 255. (New) The method of claim 254 wherein the heterologous amino acid sequence is the amino acid sequence of an immunoglobulin Fc domain.
 - 256. (New) The method of claim 250 wherein said protein is labeled.
 - 259. (New) The method of claim 250 wherein the infection is an acute infection.
- 260. (New) The method of claim 250 wherein the infection is a chronic infection.
- 261. (New) The method of claim 250 wherein the infection is a bacterial infection.
 - 262. (New) The method of claim 250 wherein the infection is a viral infection.
- 263. (New) The method of claim 250 wherein the infection is a parasitic infection.
- 264. (New) A method of enhancing host defenses against infection comprising administering to an individual, a therapeutically effective amount of a protein consisting of an amino acid sequence of amino acid residues 134-285 of SEQ ID NO:2.
- 265. (New) The method of claim 264 wherein the protein is fused to a heterologous amino acid sequence.
- 266. (New) The method of claim 264 wherein the heterologous amino acid sequence is the amino acid sequence of an immunoglobulin Fc domain.
 - 267. (New) The method of claim 264 wherein said protein is labeled.
 - 270. (New) The method of claim 264 wherein the infection is an acute infection.

- 271. (New) The method of claim 264 wherein the infection is a chronic infection.
- 272. (New) The method of claim 264 wherein the infection is a bacterial infection.
 - 273. (New) The method of claim 264 wherein the infection is a viral infection.
- 274. (New) The method of claim 264 wherein the infection is a parasitic infection.
- 275. (New) The method of claim 89 wherein the immunodeficiency is common variable immunodeficiency (CVID).
- 276. (New) The method of claim 89 wherein the immunodeficiency is Selective IgA deficiency.
- 277. (New) The method of claim 98 wherein the immunodeficiency is common variable immunodeficiency (CVID).
- 278. (New) The method of claim 98 wherein the immunodeficiency is Selective IgA deficiency.